#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

FACULTY/SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF PLANT SCIENCES		
DEPARTMENT	DEPARTMENT OF CROP SCIENCE		
LEVEL OF STUDY	Undergraduate		
COURSE UNIT CODE	665	Semester:	3 <sup>rd</sup>
COURSE TITLE	BIOCHEMISTRY		
in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHNG HOURS	ECTS
Lectures and	Laboratory Exercises	2+2	4
Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and to methods used are described in detail under section 4  COURSE TYPE  Background knowledge,  Scientific expertise,  General Knowledge,  Skills Development  PREREQUISITE COURSES:	he teaching Background knowled	dge	
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:  LANGUAGE OF EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:	Greek		
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	NO		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://oeclass.aua.g	gr/eclass/	

## 2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

# **Learning Outcomes**

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

## APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and

#### **APPENDIX B**

• Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The subject of the course is the study of the structure of biomolecules found in organisms and the investigation of the relationship between their structure and function. In addition, the set of chemical reactions of intermediate metabolism carried out in plant, animal and bacterial cells as well as their regulation mechanisms are studied comparatively.

Specifically, carbohydrates, nucleotides and nucleic acids, lipids and fatty acids, the structure and organization of membranes, amino acids and proteins as well as the properties and regulation mechanisms of enzymes are examined.

Also, the similarities and differences of the processes of degradation and biosynthesis of carbohydrates, fatty acids, lipids, amino acids and the biosynthesis of nucleotides in plants, animals and bacteria are examined.

At the end of the course, the students will acquire the necessary theoretical background to understand the intermediate metabolism of plants, animals and bacteria as well as the involved biomolecules and enzymes in order to understand the different ways of regulation of metabolic pathways at the level of the organism.

At a practical level, the students will become familiar with basic laboratory techniques to be able to perform different techniques for the isolation and separation of proteins from plant tissues and to study the enzymatic activity of enzymes.

# **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information by the use of appropriate respect for diversity and multiculturalism

technologies, Environmental awareness

Adapting to new situations Social, professional and ethical responsibility and

Decision-making sensitivity to gender issues

Individual/Independent work Critical thinking

Group/Team work Development of free, creative and inductive thinking

Working in an international environment .....

Working in an interdisciplinary environment (Other.....citizenship, spiritual freedom, social

Introduction of innovative research awareness, altruism etc.)

.....

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information by the use of appropriate technologies

Decision-making

Individual/Independent work

Group/Team work
Critical thinking

Development of free, creative and inductive thinking

## 3. COURSE CONTENT

## **LECTURES**

## PART I: BIOMOLECULES-STRUCTURE AND BIOLOGICAL ROLE

# Unit 1: The Macromolecules of Living Organisms and their Building Units

Chapter 1: Carbohydrates

Chapter 2: Nucleotides and Nucleic Acids Chapter 3: Amino Acids and Proteins

Chapter 4: Lipids

Chapter 5: Biological Membranes

## PART II: ENZYMES-PROPERTIES, ROLE, AND MECHANISMS OF REGULATION

## **Unit 1: Catalysis and Control of Biochemical Reactions**

Chapter 6: Enzymes: The Biological Catalysts

PART III: INTERMEDIATE METABOLISM Unit 1: Introduction to Metabolism

Chapter 7: Basic Principles of Metabolism Chapter 8: Principles of Bioenergetics

## Unit 2: Carbohydrate Metabolism: Anaerobic Processes in Metabolic Energy Production

Chapter 9: Glycolysis

Chapter 10: Entry of Hexoses and Disaccharides into Glycolysis

Chapter 11: Entry of Storage Polysaccharides into Glycolysis-Catabolism of Glycogen, Starch and

**Fructans** 

Chapter 12: The Fate of Pyruvate Under Anaerobic Conditions

## Unit 3: Oxidative Processes: The Citrate Cycle and the Pentose Phosphate Pathway

Chapter 13: Citric Acid Cycle

Chapter 14: The Oxidative Pentose Phosphate Pathway

#### **Unit 4: Electron Transport and Oxidative Phosphorylation**

Chapter 15: Electron Carriers in Oxidative Phosphorylation Redox Reactions

Chapter 16: Electron Transport Through the Respiratory Chain

Chapter 17: Oxidative Phosphorylation

### **Unit 5: Biosynthesis of Hydrocarbons**

Chapter 18: Neoglycogenesis

Chapter 19: Biosynthesis of Disaccharides

Chapter 20: Biosynthesis of Glycogen

Chapter 21: Biosynthesis of Storage Polysaccharides in Plants

Chapter 22: The C3 Carbon Reduction Cycle

Chapter 23: Starch and Sucrose Biosynthesis in Leaves of C3 Plants

Chapter 24: The C2 Cycle-Photorespiration

Chapter 25: CO2 Fixation and Assimilation Processes in C4 and CAM Plants

Chapter 26: Processes Using Light Energy to Produce ATP and NADPH

#### **Unit 6: Lipid Metabolism**

Chapter 27: Degradation of Fatty Acids

Chapter 28: Biosynthesis of Fatty Acids

Chapter 29: Biosynthesis of Membrane Lipids and Triacylglycerols

#### **Unit 7: Amino Acid Metabolism**

Chapter 30: Biosynthesis of Amino Acids

Chapter 31: Degradation of Amino Acids

#### **Unit 8: Nucleotide Metabolism**

Chapter 32: Biosynthesis of Nucleotides

Chapter 33: Biosynthesis of Nucleotide Coenzymes

#### LABORATORY EXERCISES

- 1. Preparation of solutions
- 2. Centrifugation
- 3. Photometry
- 4. Size-exclusion chromatography, affinity chromatography, ion exchange chromatography
- 5. Determination of total protein concentration by Bradford
- 6. Extraction of proteins from plant tissues
- 7. Protein analysis by electrophoresis
- 8. Determination of catalase enzyme activity
- 9. Determination of amylase enzyme activity
- 10. Kinetics of enzyme catalysis

## 4. TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

## MODES OF DELIVERY

Face-to-face, in-class lecturing, distance teaching and distance learning etc.

Lectures in the auditorium and laboratory exercises in the Microscopy Rooms of the Laboratory of General & Agricultural Microbiology

# USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with students Use of Powerpoint slides.

Communication with students via e-mail.

Learning process support through e-class access.

#### **COURSE DESIGN**

Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods:

Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, Internship, Art Workshop, Interactive teaching, Educational visits, projects, Essay writing, Artistic creativity, etc.

Activity/ Method	Semester workload
Lectures	13X2=26
Laboratory practice	13X2=26
Individual laboratory	8
project (data processing	
and commenting)	
Personal study	40

The study hours for each learning activity as well as the hours of self-directed study are given following the principles of the ECTS.

100	
	100

# STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT METHODS

Detailed description of the evaluation procedures:

Language of evaluation, assessment methods, formative or summative (conclusive), multiple choice tests, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral exam, presentation, laboratory work, other.....etc.

Specifically defined evaluation criteria are stated, as well as if and where they are accessible by the students.

I. The exam on the course lectures includes an intermediate progress (20%, written) and a final exam (80%, written).

Exams will be short answer questions and various types of multiple choice tests.

II. A final exam on the laboratory exercises (written).

Exams will be short answer questions (100%).

## 5. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- 1. ΒΙΟΧΗΜΕΙΑ, 2004. Π. ΚΑΤΙΝΑΚΗΣ, Εκδ. ΣΤΥΛΙΑΝΟΣ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΑΔΗΣ
- 2. BIOXHMEIA, 2007. Γ. Χ. ΔΙΑΜΑΝΤΙΔΗΣ, Εκδ. UNIVERSITY STUDIO PRESS A.E.

# 6. TEACHERS:

#### -Lectures:

M. Dimou (Assistant Professor, Microbiology – Biotechnology of Microorganisms)

A. Karnaouri (Assistant Professor, Microbial Fermentations – Molecular Biotechnology of Microorganisms)

## -Laboratory Exercises:

M. Dimou (Assistant Professor, Microbiology – Biotechnology of Microorganisms)

A. Karnaouri (Assistant Professor, Microbial Fermentations – Molecular Biotechnology of Microorganisms)