#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### 1. GENERAL

II GLITLINAL					
SCHOOL	APPLIED BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY				
ACADEMIC UNIT	BIOTECHNOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	BACHELOR OF SCIENCE				
COURSE CODE	3600	SEMESTER 7 <sup>th</sup> (fall			
				sen	nester)
COURSE TITLE	NANOBIOTECHNOLOGY AND BIOSENSORS				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES			WEEKLY		
if credits are awarded for separate co	, CREDITS			CREDITS	
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the cr	edits are awarded for the whole HOURS				
of the course, give the weekly teaching					
	Lectures		3		0,12
Laboratory Courses			2		0,08
Tutorials/essays/practice actions			1,5		0,06
TOTAL ECTS (Table 4)					5,00
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (4)					
COURSE TYPE	Advanced (Le	evel 7)			
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills					
specialisea gerierai kriowieage, skilis development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	No				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES (in English)				
ERASMUS STUDENTS	123 (111 211811311)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://oeclass.aua.gr/eclass/courses/4814/				
COORSE WEDSITE (ORE)	Tittps://occidss.add.gr/coldss/courses/4014/				
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#### 2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### **Learning outcomes**

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

#### Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course is the basic introduction to the scientific field of biosensors and nanotechnology and their applications in life sciences, as well as all affiliated techniques and methods used for the development, study and application of biosensors and nanotechnologies in modern analytical and diagnostic science, food safety and environmental monitoring.

The educational context aims to introducing students to the principles of nanotechnology, Biosensors, Electrochemistry and Microengineering, covering wide area of supplementary knowledge, including in-depth elements of microfluidics, photonics, biomolecular processes, molecular recognition, analytical chemistry and quality control.

It also refers to introductory principles and methodologies for designing and standardizing mircoelectromechanical systems (MEMS) and biosensors, carrying out analyses with high throughput systems, the use of expert systems, knowledge of materials used in MEMS and basic microengineering techniques (lithography, etching etc).

Finally, the course aims to provide to students a comprehensive review of the importance of biosensors and nanotechnology on modern analytical and diagnostic science and their contribution to the industry and service sectors. In parallel, it fosters the perspective career opportunities with specialization in analytical science with advanced methods.

#### Following the completion of the course, students will be able to:

• Understand the principles of biosensors and nanotechnology, their affiliated

#### technologies and fields of application.

- Know the tools and techniques of microengineering and analysis based on different biosensor systems.
- Design basic MEMS.
- Carry out laboratory analyses using at least two different biosensor types.
- Apply skills and knowledge for seeking new technologies and utilize research results for designing novel biosensor-based analytical systems.
- Collaborate with other students in order to prepare and publicly present a plan of nanotechnological and biosensor-based approaches to a real application/analytical need, having in parallel acquired oral and written presentation skills.

Project planning and management

Respect for the natural environment

sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently

Team work Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas

Autonomous work

- Team work
- Work in a multidisciplinary environment
- Production of new research ideas
- Promotion of free, creative and inductive thought

#### **SYLLABUS**

- 1. Biosensors: A historical review.
- 2. Principles of nanotechnology
- 3. Elements of electrochemistry
- **4.** Cyclic voltammetry, voltammetry and chronoampeormetry
- **5.** Electrochemical impedance spectrometry
- **6.** Optical biosensors
- **7.** Cell-based biosensors
- **8.** Methods for immobilizing/entrapping biomolecules
- 9. Microelectromechanic Systems (MEMS) Introduction to Microenginnering. Commercial applications
- 10. Basic Microengineering technologies: lithography, imprinting, surface microenginnering, volume microengineering
- 11. Microfludics for biological applications, protein separation and direct screening for disease agents
- 12. Artificial intelligence systems in biosensors
- 13. Application of MEMs in life sciences. DNA analysis. Application of microelectrode
- 14. Application of biosensors in food safety and environmental monitoring
- 15. Application of biosensors in medicine and life sciences
- **16.** Other applications of biosensors

#### 4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

## **DELIVERY**Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.

Class courses (amphitheater/lab courses room)

# USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Power point presentations

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

Distant educational support through the e-class electronic platform.

Communication of assessment of student tests and group studies through e-mail

#### TEACHING METHODS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.

Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

Δραστηριότητα	Φόρτος Εργασίας Εξαμήνου		
Lectures courses	39 h		
Laboratory courses in small	10 h		
student groups			
Group and/or individual	20 h		
work: Preparation of plan			
of natotechnological and			
biosensor-based			
approaches to a real			
application/analytical need			
Autonomous study	56 h		
Total	125 h		
(25hours of working input	125 h (5 ECTS)		
per credit unit)			

### STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, shortanswer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- I. Written Examination in theory (50%) including:
- Multiple choice tests
- Critical assessment tests referring to the available biosensor and microengineering technologies and their application opportunities
- Comparative review of educational material.
- II. Examination in laboratory courses (50%) including:
  - 1. Group and/or individual assignments or/and
  - 2. Written examination in laboratory courses including:
    - Multiple choice questions
    - Critical analysis questions

The final grade for the course is determined by the total results for the different parts of the examination.

#### 5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### -Suggested textbooks:

- Σ. Κίντζιος, Νανοβιοτεχνολογία και Βιοαισθητήρες,2015
- Μ. Προδρομίδης, Ηλεκτροχημικοί Αισθητήρες &Βιοαισθητήρες,2010
- F.S. Ligler, Optical Biosensors: Present & Future, Elsevier 2002
- J.Y.Yoon, Introduction to Biosensors: From Electric Circuits to Immunosensors, Springer 2012
- J. Li, N. Wu, Biosensors Based on Nanomaterials and Nanodevices (Nanomaterials and their Applications), CRC 2013

#### -Related scientific journals:

- Biosensors and Bioelectronics
- Sensors & Actuators