### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

FACULTY/SCHOOL SCHOOL OF PLANT SCIENCES			
DEPARTMENT Faculty of Crop Science			
LEVEL OF STUDY	Undergraduate		
COURSE UNIT CODE	156	Semester:	3°
COURSE TITLE	ECOLOGY		
<b>INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES</b> in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHNG HOURS	ECTS
		4	4
Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4			
<b>COURSE TYPE</b> Background knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Skills Development		Scientific expertise	
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	None		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	Greek		
LANGUAGE OF EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT :	Greek		
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO       https://oeclass.aua.gr/eclass/courses/EFP105/         ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL) http://efp.aua.gr/el/mathima/176			

## 2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

Among the objectives of the course are for the students who successfully attend it to:

- Understand the significance of Ecology as a Science and its role (contribution) in modern society.
- Learn the history and milestones of the Science of Ecology, as well as its basic "principles" and "laws" that govern it.
- Comprehend the fundamental concepts of Ecology (Population, Community, Ecosystem, Biosphere), as well as the structures and functioning of Ecosystems.

- Gain knowledge about the various Biomes of the planet and the adaptations of organisms to them.
- Understand the interactions between populations (competition, predation, parasitism, mimicry, etc.) and also familiarize themselves with basic models and life tables used to study population changes and interactions as well as their significance and practical application.

## <u>APPENDIX A</u>

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and

### APPENDIX B

• *Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes* 

### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information by the use of appropriate Respect for diversity and multiculturalism technologies, Environmental awareness Adapting to new situations Social, professional and ethical responsibility and Decision-making sensitivity to gender issues *Individual/Independent work* Critical thinking Development of free, creative and inductive thinking Group/Team work *Working in an international environment* Working in an interdisciplinary environment (Other.....citizenship, spiritual freedom, social Introduction of innovative research awareness, altruism etc.)

The course aims to develop the following general skills:

- Respect for the natural environment.
- Planning and project management.
- Support in the decision-making process for the management of animal populations.
- Promote work in an international environment.
- Promote work in an interdisciplinary environment.
- Foster free, creative, and inductive thinking.

### **3. COURSE CONTENT**

- 1. The science of ecology: Historical overview. Relationships with other sciences. Functional relationships of organisms with their abiotic environment (Temperature Humidity Light & Photoperiod). Adaptation strategies.
- 2. Organisms in Space. Species distribution. Theory of island biogeography and applications.
- 3. The concept of an ecosystem: Structure and functioning. Biogeochemical cycles Matter recycling. Ecological footprint Water footprint Carbon footprint.
- 4. Ecological succession types significance. The concept of a community Food webs.
- 5. The concept of a biome. Planetary biomes (Mediterranean, Desert, Tropical forest, Temperate-Deciduous forest, Coral reefs, etc.).
- 6. Biodiversity basic concepts significance.
- 7. Population Ecology The concepts of individual-species-population population density crowding.
- 8. Dynamics of population fluctuations of a species in continuous and discrete time without density dependence: Exponential Geometric model, Environmental and Demographic stochasticity.
- 9. Population fluctuations of a species with density dependence: Logistic, theta-logistic model. Allee effect.
- 10. r and K selection of species. Ecological and agricultural significance.
- 11. Life tables Survival curves Age pyramids. Population projections Leslie Matrices, Lefkovitch Matrices.
- 12. Metapopulations introductory elements concept and ecological significance.
- 13. Interactions between populations. Mutualism Mimicry Reciprocity. Ecological significance Examples.
- 14. Interspecific competition Niche. Basic models. Competitive exclusion. Significance of species competition in agriculture.
- 15. Predation & Parasitism Functional response (types I, II, III). Ecological and agricultural significance -Basic models. Applications in agriculture.

### 4. TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

### **MODES OF DELIVERY**

Face-to-face, in-class lecturing, distance teaching and distance learning etc. In the amphitheater.

USE OF INFORMATION	Use of PowerPoint and video	
AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with students	Communication with students through: ✓ email, ✓ the e-class website, ✓ the Open class platform, and ✓ the announcements website of the Agr Athens: http://tdd.aua.gr/announcemer	
<b>COURSE DESIGN</b>	Activity/ Method	Semester workload
Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods:	Theory lectures	13 weeks
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,		
fieldwork, study and analysis of		
bibliography, tutorials, Internship, Art Workshop, Interactive teaching,		
Educational visits, projects, Essay writing,		
Artistic creativity, etc.	Total number of teaching hours:	52 hours
The study hours for each learning		
activity as well as the hours of self-		
directed study are given following the principles of the ECTS.		

STUDENT PERFORMANCE	
<b>EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT</b>	I. The evaluation language is Greek.
	<ul> <li>I. The evaluation language is Greek.</li> <li>II. The grade in the theory is determined either 100% by the final written exam or 20% by the progress grade (if applicable) and 80% by the final written exam.</li> <li>III. Exams may consist of either short essay questions, multiple-choice questions, or a combination of both (i.e., multiple-choice questions + problem solving or essay question).</li> <li>IV. Oral examination is offered to those who prefer this method of examination for whatever reason (e.g., for health problems or any other reasons).</li> </ul>
students.	reasons).

# **5. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY:**

- Recommended Bibliography: University Textbooks:
- "Οικολογία" (D. Veresoglou)

University Lecture Notes:

- "Στοιχεία Οικολογίας" M.G. Karandeinos
- "Σημειώσεις Οικολογίας" Α. Fantinou A.N. Riga-Karandeinos
- Recommended Foreign Language Textbooks:
- Ricklefs R.E. and Miller G.L. 2000. ECOLOGY. (4th ed). W.H. Freeman and Company. New York.
- Rockwood L.L. 2006. INTRODUCTION TO POPULATION ECOLOGY. Wiley-Blackwell. ISBN 1405132639, 9781405132633.
- Related Scientific Journals:
- Journal of Ecology
- Journal of Animal Ecology
- Oikos

### 6. TEACHERS:

**Professor Costas SAITANIS**