## **COURSE OUTLINE**

1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
FACULTY/SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF PLANT S	CIENCES	
DEPARTMENT	DEPARTMENT OF CROP SCIENCE		
LEVEL OF STUDY	Undergraduate		
COURSE UNIT CODE	1250	Semester:	2
COURSE TITLE	Agricultural Meteoro	ology (compulsory)	
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	ECTS
	Lectures	2	2
	Laboratory Exersices	2	2
Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4			
Background knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Skills Development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Scientific expertise		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	Greek		
EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:	Vac (In English)		
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (In English)		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

### 2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

#### <u>APPENDIX A</u>

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and

#### APPENDIX B

• Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of the course is to familiarize students, at a theoretical and applied level, with issues related to the modulation of conditions in the lower layers of the atmosphere (atmospheric boundary layer), with emphasis on the lower layer (surface boundary layer) and on small spatial and temporal scales of interest to agriculture. In the context of the course, the Earth-Sun motion is analysed in relation to the formation of atmospheric conditions and, in particular, the radiation balance. The atmospheric circulation and its consequent horizontal motions are examined with particular emphasis on the wind parameter in relation to topographic relief, land/sea coexistence and the modulation of the wind speed distribution over and within the crop rotation. Atmospheric disturbances and the associated weather are analysed, particularly in relation and temporal scales and under different land covers, orientations and slopes, as well as

the resulting micro-meteorological-microclimatic conditions within typical crops, are analysed. Precipitation is analysed in terms of its spatial and temporal distribution in combination with evapotranspiration (potential and actual), which shape the water balance in the field. Finally, the micro-meteorological conditions that shape the levels of air pollution, and pollution sources in agricultural areas are analysed.

The laboratory exercises are designed to help students understand and familiarise themselves with the concepts, processes and atmospheric phenomena affecting agriculture. Through these practical exercises, they will be able to perform calculations and manage atmospheric parameter data to be able to provide service in the field or in agricultural research.

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Have an understanding of the phenomena that occur in the lower atmospheric layer, the mechanisms that govern them and their importance to crop growth and development

have an understanding of the particular flow conditions near the soil surface and the phenomena of momentum, heat, water vapour and mass transfer over bare and vegetated soil necessary for knowledge of the functioning of atmospheric conditions and the creation of micro-meteorological and micro-climatic conditions above and within the crop
 has an understanding of energy and water balances at field and watershed scales to be able to use knowledge of micro-meteorological appropriate crops, crop location and cultural practices in a given area given meso-climatic or macro-climatic conditions

- determine - using qualitative and quantitative criteria - the pollution of the atmospheric environment of agricultural areas by point and non-point sources of air pollution

- understand the particular meteorological conditions which may be harmful to crops, be able to predict and propose methods of dealing with them and effective measures for their protection

### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information by the use of appropriate	Respect for diversity and multiculturalism
technologies,	Environmental awareness
Adapting to new situations	Social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Decision-making	sensitivity to gender issues
Individual/Independent work	Critical thinking
Group/Team work	Development of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	(Othercitizenship, spiritual freedom, social
Introduction of innovative research	awareness, altruism etc.)

-Research, analysis and synthesis of data and information using the necessary technologies - Projects design and management -Respect for the natural environment

# **3. COURSE CONTENT**

The syllabus of the course is the following:

- Spatio-temporal scales in Agricultural Meteorology and Micrometeorology. Earth and Sun, Elements of Solar Geometry, Seasons of the Year. Earth and Atmosphere interaction.

- Radiation, sensible and latent heat, Energy Balance in the Earth and the Atmosphere.
- Temperature and Pressure in the Atmosphere.
- Atmospheric Humidity. Large and Small Scale Condensations.
- Atmospheric Circulation. Horizontal atmospheric motions. Winds. Effect of land and sea on winds.
- Air masses, fronts and weather in agricultural areas. Elements of Weather Forecasting.
- Hail and Hail Protection in Agricultural Areas.

- Wind near the ground surface. Flow over natural surfaces (laminar, turbulent flow and equations of motion). Wind speed distribution over the bare and vegetated ground.

- Vertical transport of momentum, heat and water vapour in vegetation. Eddy transport coefficients. Eddy flow method. Effect of stability-instability conditions of the atmosphere. Heat transfer in soil.

- Variation of radiation regime, air temperature, soil temperature, soil heat flux and energy balance in areas with different land cover, slope and orientation. Micrometeorology of typical crops.

- Field microclimate modification and crop protection. Anti-freezing protection. Windbreaks and windbreaks.

- Rainfall in agricultural areas. Point precipitation and average rainfall. Estimation of maximum point rainfall events.

- Agro-meteorological forecasts. Soil temperature. Potential and actual evapotranspiration. Water balance at field and catchment scale. Water balance data for microclimate assessment of agricultural areas. Point and non-point pollution of agricultural areas.

### 4. TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

<b>MODES OF DELIVERY</b> Face-to-face, in-class lecturing, distance teaching and distance learning etc.	In-classroom lecturing, led classroom, field trips and	ectures and tasks in the laboratory I field measurements.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with students	Use of slide presentation and blackboard. Communication with students with email. Learning process support by access to e-class asynchronous distance learning platform and Microsoft Teams platform.		
<b>COURSE DESIGN</b> Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods: Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, Internship, Art Workshop, Interactive teaching, Educational visits, projects, Essay writing, Artistic creativity, etc.	Activity/ Meth Lectures Laboratory practice Individual laborato project (data proce and commenting) Personal study Field trips Sources and refere	26 ce 26 ory 10 essing 12 4	
The study hours for each learning activity as well as the hours of self- directed study are given following the principles of the ECTS.	study Total of Course (25 of workload per EC		

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT METHODS Detailed description of the evaluation procedures:	I. Written final examination on the theory of the course
Language of evaluation, assessment methods, formative or summative (conclusive), multiple choice tests, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral exam, presentation, laboratory work, otheretc. Specifically defined evaluation criteria are stated, as well as if and where they are accessible by the students.	<ul> <li>II. The examination in the laboratory part of the course is composed of:</li> <li>1. Identification of characteristics of meteorological and micro-meteorological instruments in the laboratory and the field</li> <li>2. Laboratory exercise involving measurement and calculation of values of characteristic agrometeorological parameters and solving related problems (e.g. seasonal energy balance in plant cultivation)</li> <li>3. Final written examination (short answer or multiple choice questions or a combination of both)</li> </ul>

## **5. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY:**

#### Greek textbooks

- Στάθης, Δ. 2015. Μαθήματα Δασικής Μετεωρολογίας και Κλιματολογίας. Αποθετήριο Κάλλιπος.
- Τσίρος, Ι. Ξ. 2020. Γεωργική Μετεωρολογία με Στοιχεία Περιβαλλοντικής Μικρομετεωρολογίας. Πανεπιστημιακές Σημειώσεις.
- Χρονοπούλου-Σερέλη Α. και Φλόκας Α., 2010. Μαθήματα Γεωργικής Μετεωρολογίας και Κλιματολογίας. Εκδόσεις Ζήτη, Θεσσαλονίκη.

#### Textbooks in English

- Geiger R., Aron R. and P. Todhunder, 2003. The climate near the ground. Rowman & Littlefield Publishers INC, Maryland USA
- Arya, P. 2002. Introduction to Micrometeorology. Second Edition. Academic Press.

## 6. TEACHERS:

-Theory: Ioannis X.Tsiros, Professor

### -Laboratory:

Ioannis X.Tsiros, Professor Athanasios Kamoutsis, Assistant Professor Fotoula Droulia, Laboratory Teaching Staff Aristidis Matsoukis, Laboratory Teaching Staff Ioannis Charalampopoulos, Laboratory Teaching Staff