COURSE OUTLINE

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

FACULTY/SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF PLANT SCI	ENCE	
DEPARTMENT	DEPARTMENT OF CROP SCIENCE		
LEVEL OF STUDY	BACHELOR OF SCIENC	E	
COURSE UNIT CODE	105	Semester:	1 st /2 nd
COURSE TITLE	STATISTICS		
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHNG HOURS	ECTS
Lectures		4	4
Add rows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail under section 4			
COURSE TYPE Background knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Skills Development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Background knowledg -		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	GREEK		
LANGUAGE OF EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:			
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	NO		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and

APPENDIX B

• Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this course, the student is expected to be able to:

- distinguish stochastic and deterministic phenomena and experiments
- using enumeration methods and basic probability tools

- apply simple probability calculus
- recognize the practical value and importance of probabilities in the understanding of stochastic phenomena and experiments
- describe and summarize data
- translate a research question into a statistical hypothesis when given a data group and the type of experimental design or sampling procedure
- apply estimation and testing methods in order to make data-based decisions
- identify the selected method's assumptions and keep in mind that it is required to apply checks for them
- comprehend and interpret correctly the statistical significance
- interpret results correctly, effectively, and in context without relying on statistical jargon
- comprehend the notion of uncertainty which is always contained in statistical inference
- critique data-based claims and evaluate data-based decisions
- complete a research project that employs simple statistical inference
- comply to ethical issues.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information by the use of appropriate technologies, Adapting to new situations Decision-making Individual/Independent work Group/Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Introduction of innovative research

awareness, altruism etc.)

1) Retrieve, analyze and synthesize data and information, with the use of necessary technologies.

- 2) Adapt to new situations.
- 3) Make decisions.
- 4) Work autonomously.
- 5) Create new research ideas.

6) Advance free, creative and inductive thinking.

3. COURSE CONTENT

- 1) Statistical approach: a brief overview.
- 2) Useful counting rules (multiplication principle, permutations, k-permutations, combinations).
- 3) Practical notion of probability; basic probability tools.
- 4) Conditional probability (multiplication rule; law of the total probability; Bayes theorem); Independence.
- 5) Random variables (cumulative distribution function; discrete and continuous random variables; probability function; probability density function; mean and variance).
- 6) Useful discrete distributions (Bernoulli; Binomial; Poisson).
- 7) Useful continuous distributions (Normal; χ^2 ; t and F).
- 8) Central limit theorem.
- 9) The role of probability in statistics.
- 10) Descriptive statistics (frequency table; numerical descriptive measures; barchart; piechart; box plot; histograms).
- 11) Sampling distributions.
- 12) Estimation; point estimation (properties of an estimator); interval estimation (confidence intervals for a (difference of) population mean (s) or proportion (s));
- 13) Testing hypotheses for a (difference of) population mean (s) or proportion (s));
- 14) Analysis of variance (single-factor ANOVA; two-factor ANOVA).
- 15) Goodness-of-fit test; Chi-Square test of independence.

4. TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

MODES OF DELIVERY	In-class lecturing
Face-to-face, in-class lecturing,	
distance teaching and distance	
learning etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with students	cational material, updates a he web	and announcements available
COURSE DESIGN Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods: Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, Internship, Art Workshop, Interactive teaching, Educational visits, projects, Essay writing, Artistic creativity, etc.	Activity/ Method Lectures Autonomous study Total contact hours and training	Semester workload 52 h (2,08 ECTS) 48 h (1,92 ECTS) 100 h (4 ECTS)
The study hours for each learning activity as well as the hours of self- directed study are given following the principles of the ECTS.		·

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT METHODS Detailed description of the evaluation procedures: Language of evaluation, assessment methods, formative or summative (conclusive), multiple	Written examination of different difficulty, based on the lectures offered, containing: - Problems and/or exercises. - Comprehension questions.
choice tests, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral exam, presentation, laboratory work, otheretc.	
Specifically defined evaluation criteria are stated, as well as if and where they are accessible by the students.	

5. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- 1. Παπαδόπουλος, Γ. Κ., Εισαγωγή στις Πιθανότητες και τη Στατιστική, Εκδόσεις Gutenberg, 2015.
- 2. Κουνιάς, Σ., Κολυβά-Μαχαίρα, Φ., Μπαγιάτης, Κ. και Μπόρα-Σέντα, Ε., Εισαγωγή στη Στατιστική, Εκδόσεις Χριστοδουλίδη, Θεσσαλονίκη.

6. TEACHERS:

GEORGIOS PAPADOPOULOS, ASSOC. PROFESSOR